

Computer Science and iMedia KS4 Assessment Map

	Definition	Formative Formative Assessment is defined within our assessment policy as the frequent interactive assessment of what students currently know and understand to identify learning needs and adjust teaching appropriately.	Summative Summative Assessments are defined within our schemes of work to determine students' knowledge and understanding, to test the achievement of learning outcomes at the end of a specified period of study. They are assessments used to determine progression, indicate levels of achievement and predicted grades.
Intent		At Crompton House School, formative assessment is integral to everyday teaching. It has the needs of our students at its core (to build up confidence and reduce anxiety) and it is embedded into teaching activities within each lesson. Via the use of formative assessment approaches, low stakes testing and retrieval practice techniques, our aim is to be best prepared to help our students to embed and use knowledge fluently to improve long term knowledge retention, to meet all students' needs through differentiation and adaptation of teaching, and to achieve a greater equity of student outcomes.	The aim of summative assessment at Crompton House School is to help us to know our students better, to assess their potential and improve performance. Our emphasis is on measuring and evaluating student outcome by finding out what students already know, understand and can do, and then using the outcomes from our summative assessments to influence how we teach, plan improvements and identify struggling students. Our aim is a hand in glove relationship that exists between learning objectives, assessments and teaching.
Timescales	Annual Implementation and Impact	 Formative assessment at Crompton House School supports students' progress towards learning of knowledge, concepts and skills by: consistently monitoring students' developing knowledge, understanding, and skill related to the topic at hand in order to know how to proceed with instruction in a way that maximizes the opportunity for student growth and success with key content revisiting topics/concepts/skills throughout each year; this is a core focus of our teaching and homework policies; in applying low stakes testing, students gain a firmer grasp of knowledge so they can recall and apply this much later on actively involving students in the process of teaching and learning building students' skills for peer- and self-assessment helping students to understand their own learning, and developing appropriate strategies for 'learning to learn' Our processes of effective formative assessment give teachers confidence in making judgement about the progress of their students. Our students, who are actively building their understanding of new concepts, who have developed a variety of strategies that enable them to place new ideas into a larger context, and who are learning to judge the quality of their own and their peer's work against well-defined learning goals and criteria, are also developing skills that are invaluable for learning throughout their lives. The little and often approach reinforces good habits and changes attitudes towards learning. Via frequent retrieval practice and low stakes testing, students will become more and more aware of what they are remembering. 	If our students are not rigorously assessed, we would have no way to track progress throughout the year and no way to identify problems in time to correct them. We are therefore committed to the implementation of well thought out and carefully written summative assessments, which are directly linked to departmental schemes of work and PLCS (personalised learning checklists) in order to allow for an effective analysis of student strengths and weaknesses and evaluation of student outcomes. Our summative assessments will demonstrate results that reveal a degree of mastery and analysis of students' progress towards intended goals. The rigour of questions on each assessment, specifically aligning these to what is taught, will define the rigour of Crompton House, as a school, and in doing so, will determine what our students will achieve. We are focused on creating an environment in which each student is expected to learn at high levels and our summative assessments are written to require a rigorous demonstration of learning.
	Interim Implementation (Termly / Half Termly)	GCSE Computer Science students' complete end of unit tests once a unit is completed. Mock exam tests are completed in accordance to the whole school assessment calendar. Mock tests are made up from past exam questions retained from OCR exam papers. Assessment to reflect the new two-year KS4 structure in year 10 and 11.	Summative assessments are directly linked to PLCs and used as a means to assess the security and depth of understanding a student has attained against the key course content, we have defined for them. They are consistent with departmental schemes of work and PLCs. They test the learning outcomes accurately and fairly and are capable of effectively differentiating levels of

	OCR GCSE 9-1 J277 Computer Science	student achievement where required. Summative assessments are teacher
	Year 10	assessed and moderated.
	J277/01 Computer Systems	
	Unit 1 System architecture	Computer Science
	Unit 2 Data representation	Year 10:
		Deadline for Summative Assessment 1: W/C 21st November
	J277/02 Computational thinking, algorithms, and programming	Deadline for Summative Assessment 2: W/C 6 th February
	Unit 7 Programming	End of Year Exams: W/C 10 th June
	OCR GCSE Practical programming skill in Python	
	Unit 1 Fundamentals	Year 11:
	Unit 2 Selection and iteration	Mock 1: W/C 16 th October
	Unit 3 Functions	Mock 2: W/C 26 th February
	Unit 4 Regular Expressions	
	Unit 5 Using lists	
	Unit 6 Sorting lists	Creative iMedia
	Unit 7 Reading files	J834 OCR Level 1/2 Cambridge Nationals Certificate in Creative iMedia
	Unit 8 Writing files	Year 10
	Unit 9 Two-dimensional lists	25% NEA Mandatory
	Unit 10 SQL	R094 Visual Identity and Digital Graphics
		Submission to the exam board 15 th May
	Year 11	
	J277/01 Computer Systems	End of Year Mock in lesson: W/C 10 th June
	Unit 3 Networks	
	Unit 4 Network security and systems software	
	Unit 5 Impact of digital technology	Year 11
		35% NEA Optional
	J277/02 Computational thinking, algorithms, and programming	R097 Interactive Digital Media
	Unit 6 Algorithms	Submission to the exam board 15 th May
	Unit 8 Logic and languages	
		Mock 2: W/C 26 th February
	J834 OCR Level 1/2 Cambridge Nationals Certificate in Creative iMedia	
	Year 10	40% Exam Mandatory
	25% NEA Mandatory	R093 Creative iMedia in the Media Industry
	R094 Visual Identity and Digital Graphics	
	<u>Year 11</u>	
	35% NEA Optional	
	R097 Interactive Digital Media	
	40% Exam Mandatory	
	R093 Creative iMedia in the Media Industry	
	Key strategies of effective formative assessment in action in hourly lessons within KS4 Computer	
Weekly	Science include:	
-	• Questioning to assess prior knowledge and understanding, challenge new learning, and	
Implementation	promote links between topics and other subjects (usually mathematics).	

 Programming tasks completing programming challenges and exam question pseudocode Peer and self- assessment of worksheets and homework sheets. Teacher assessment of end of unit assessment and exam questions used in lessons Doddle presentations for knowledge recap and quizzes for PLC Revision guide for each topic area Revision booklets for each topic area PLC tracker to self-assess student's confidence are in each topic sub area Teaching student how to interpret mark schemes Model answers Learning objectives, keywords, new vocabulary, recaps at start of lessons, focused questioning, mini whiteboards, discussions, plenaries Regular homework to reinforce learning and promote independent learning
Key strategies of effective formative assessment for NEA and theory in hourly lessons within KS4
Cambridge Nationals iMedia include: Clear guidance on expectation for each section of NEA
 Regular marking of each section, full class guidance on any misconceptions, no
individual feedback is provided
 Student feedback on what areas can be revisited once the full NEA has been completed
adhering to protocols set by exam board
 Building in time for students to make amendments to NEA
 Questioning to assess prior knowledge and understanding, challenge new learning, and promote links between NEAs.
 Peer and self- assessment of worksheets and homework sheets for exam.
 Teacher assessment of each unit and exam questions used in lessons
Doddle presentations for knowledge recap and quizzes for PLC
Revision booklets for each topic area
 Learning objectives, keywords, new vocabulary, recaps at start of lessons, focused questioning, mini whiteboards, discussions, plenaries
Regular homework to reinforce learning and promote independent learning