A-level PE



Dod	Amber	Croon
Red	Ambei	Green

Applied Anatomy and Physiology - Year 1 : Cardiovascular System		
C1 Cardiac conduction system		
C2 - Hormonal, neural and chemical regulation of the heart		
C5 - Starling's Law		
C6 - Physical activity and health		
C7 - Blood pressure		
C8 - Venous return mechanisms		
C9 - Cardiovascular drift		
C10 - Transportation of oxygen		
C11 - Oxyhaemoglobin dissociation curve and Bohr Shift		
C12 - Redistribution of blood		
C13 - A-VO2 diff		
C3 - Role of receptors		
C4 - Physical activity and the heart		
Applied Anatomy and Physiology - Year 1 : Respiratory System		
R1 - Lung volumes and changes when exercising		
R2 - Gas exchange		
R3 - Regulation of pulmonary ventilation		
R4 - Role of receptors		
R5 - Lifestyle choices and respiratory system		

Applied Anatomy and Physiology - Year 1: Neuromuscular system

N1 - Fibre types		
N2 - Motor units		
N3 - Recruitment of muscle fibres		
N4 - PNF		

Applied Anatomy and Physiology - Year 1: Analysis of movement in physical activites

MA1 - Articulating bones		
MA2 - Joint actions		
MA3 - Planes and axes		
MA4 - Agonists and antagonists		

MA5 - Types of muscle contraction			
Skill Acquisition -Year 1: Skill characteristics and their imapct on tran	ısfer		
S1 - Characteristics of skilled performance			
S2 - Different types of skills			
S3 - Transfer			
S4 - Organisation and presentation of practice			
S5 - Skill continua			
Skill Acquisition -Year 1: Theories of learning	•		
T1 - Stages of learning and feedback			
T2 - Psychological theories of learning			
T3 - Feedback and guidance			
Sport and Society - emergence of the globalisation of sport in the 21: Pre- industrial (pre-1780)	st centur	y - Yea	nr 1:
PI2- Mob football			
PI3- Real Tennis			
PI1- Characteristics of popular recreation			
Sport and Society - emergence of the globalisation of sport in the 21st Industrial and post-industrial (1780-1900)	st centur	y - Yea	r 1:
I1- Characteristics of rational recreation			
I2- Industrial Revolution			
I3- Urbanisation			
I4- Transport and communication			
I6- Influence of the Church			
I7- Emergence of the middle class and public provision			
I5- British Empire			
18- National Governing Bodies (NGBs)			
I9- Amateur and Professionalism			
I10- Development of football, lawn tennis and athletics			
Sport and Society - emergence of the globalisation of sport in the 21: Post World War II (1950- present)	st centur	y - Yea	nr 1:
PW1- Emergence of females in football			
PW2- Emergence of females on tennis			
PW3- Emergence of females in athletics			

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PW4- Golden Triangle			
Sport and Society - emergence of the globalisation of sport in the 21 Sociological theory applied to equal opportunity	.st centur	y - Yea	ır 1:
ST1- Definitions of key terms			
ST2- Social action theory			
ST3- Under represented groups and barriers to participation			
ST4- Benefits of raising participation			
ST5- Sport England			
Exercise Physiology - Year 1: Diet and nutrition			
D1 - Seven classes of food and function			
D2 - Dietary supplements			
Exercise Physiology - Year 1: Training methods in relation to physica performnace	l activity	and	
T1 - Quantitative, qualitative, subjective, validity and reliability for lab conditions and field tests			
T2 - Warm up and cool down			
T3 - SPORT and FITT			
T4 - Periodisation			
T5 - Training methods			
Biomechanics - Year 1: Principles and levers			
B1 - Newton's three laws of linear motion			
B2 - Scalars			
B3 - Factors affecting stability			
B4 - Levers and their mechanical advantage and disadvantage			
Sport Psychology - Year 1: Psychological influences on the individual and Attitude	l - Person	ality, A	lrousal
P1 - Personality, attitude and arousal			
P2 - Strategies to overcome negative effects on performance			
Sport Psychology - Year 1: Psychological influences on the individual and Motivation	l - Anxiety	y, Aggr	ession
P4 - Anxiety			
P5 - Anxiety measures			
P6 - Aggression			
P7 - Motivation			

Sport Psychology - Tear 1: Social facilitations, Groups and Leadersh	ıp	
P8 - Social facilitation		
P9 - Social inhibition		
Role of Technology in sport - Year 1: Role of Technology in sport		
V1 - Technology in data collection and key terms		
V2 - Video analysis programmes		
V3 - Testing and recording equipment		
V4 - GPS and motion tracking software and hardware		
V5 - Maintaining data integrity when using technology		
Applied anatomy and Physiology - Year 2: Energy Systems		
E1: Aerobic energy system		
E2: Anaerobic energy system		
E3: Lactate threshold and OBLA		
E4: O2 deficit and OBLA		
E5: VO2 max		
E6: Energy expenditure		
E7: Impact of training on energy systems		
Skill Acquisition - Year 2: Information processing		
I1: Input		
I2: Memory		
I3: Information processing		
I4: Reactions		
I5: Schema		
Exercise Physiology - Year 2: Injury prevention and the rehabiliation	of injury	
R1: Acute and chronic injuries		
R2: Injury prevention		
R3: Rehabilitation		
R4: Recovery		
Biomechanical movement - Year 2: Linear motion		_
L1: Scalars and vectors		
L2: Plot, label and interpret biomechanical graphs and diagrams		
L3: Forces acting during linear motion		

L5: Impulse and momentum			
Biomechanical movement - Year 2: Angular motion			
AN1 - Newton's Laws of angular motion			
AN2 - Conservation of angular momentum			
Biomechanical movement - Year 2: Projectile motion			
P1 - Factors affecting projectiles			
P2 - Flight paths of different projectiles			
P3 - Forces that affect shot put and badminton shuttle			
P4 - Vector components of parabolic flight			
Biomechanical movement - Year 2: Fluid mechanics			
F1 - Dynamic fluid force - drag and lift			
F2 - Bernoulli principle			
Sport Psychology - Year 2: Psychological factors that can influence an physical activities	individ	ual in	
P1: Achievement motivation			
P2: Attribution			
P3: Confidence			
P4: Leadership			
P5: Reducing stress in the performer			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and spocepts of physical activity and sport	oort - Y	ear 2:	
PA1: Characteristics and functions of physical recreation			
PA2: Characteristics and functions of sport			
PA3: Characteristics and aims of Physical Education			
PA4: Characteristics and aims of School Sport			
PA5: Similarities and differences between key concepts			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and spoce of the performers in sport	oort - Y	ear 2:	
D1: Factors required for elite performers			
D2: UK Sport			
D3: National Institutes of Sport			
D4: National Governing Bodies			
D5: Talent Development			1

D6: Programmes to develop athletes			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and spin Sport	ort - Y	ear 2: I	Ethics
ES1: Amateurism			
ES2: Olympic Oath			
ES3: Sportsmanship			
ES4: Gamesmanship			
ES5: Deviance			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and sp Violence in Sport	ort - Y	ear 2:	
V1: Causes of violence			
V2: Strategies to prevent violence			
V3: Football Hooliganism			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and spin Sport	ort - Y	ear 2: [Drugs
D1: Reasons for using drugs			
D2: Physiological effects of drugs			
D3: Implications of drug taking			
D4: Strategies to eliminate drugs			
D5: Drug testing			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and spand the Law $$	ort - Y	ear 2: §	Sport
S1: Sports legislation- Performers			
S2: Sports legislation- Officials (Negligence)			
S3: Sport legislation- Coaches (duty of care)			
S4: Sport legislation- Spectators			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and sport commercialisation	ort - Y	ear 2: I	mpact
I1: Golden triangle			
I2: Impact of media and commercialisation			
Sport and society and the role of technology in physical activity and sprace of Technology in Sport	ort - Y	ear 2: 1	Гће
T1: Sport analytics			
T2: Development of equipment and facilities			
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T3: Impact of technology			
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Date:			
Student Reflection:			
Teacher Comment:			